

2011 Day 2 Q2 (Waves)

(O/X transverse waves occur for $k \perp B_0$)

a. Cold, magnetized plasma, with $B = B_0 \hat{z}$, $k = k \hat{x}$

$$E = \begin{pmatrix} S & -iD \\ iD & S \\ & & P \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} S &= \frac{1}{2}(R+L), \quad D = \frac{1}{2}(R-L) \\ R &= 1 - \sum \frac{\omega_{ps}^2}{\omega(\omega + \Omega_s)}, \quad L = 1 - \sum \frac{\omega_{ps}^2}{\omega(\omega - \Omega_s)} \\ P &= 1 - \frac{\omega_p^2}{\omega^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta = N_i N_j - N^2 \delta_{ij} + G_{ij}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} S & -iD \\ +iD & S - N^2 \\ & & P - N^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$N^2 = P$ is the O-mode (same as unmagnetized transverse EM wave)

X mode obeys $S(S - N^2) - D^2 = 0$

$$N^2 = \frac{S^2 - D^2}{S} = \frac{RL}{S}$$

Resonance at $N^2 \rightarrow \infty$, so $S \rightarrow 0$ (can check RL remain finite)

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \left(2 - \sum \frac{\omega_{ps}^2}{\omega^2 - \Omega_s^2} \right)$$

$$S = 1 - \frac{\omega_{pe}^2}{\omega^2 - \Omega_e^2} - \frac{\omega_{pi}^2}{\omega^2 - \Omega_i^2}$$

At large enough ω , ion response negligible $\rightarrow \omega^2 = \omega_{pe}^2 + \Omega_e^2$

b. $\begin{pmatrix} S & -iD \\ iD & S - N^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} E_x \\ E_y \end{pmatrix} = 0$

$$\frac{i E_x}{E_y} = \frac{N^2 - S}{D} \gg 1, \text{ so polarization approximately aligned with } k. \text{ (near UH Resonance)}$$