

2011 Day 1 Question 1B (Asymptotes)

$y'' + Q(x)y = 0$, $y \sim e^S$
 $(S')^2 + S'' + Q(x) \sim 0$ assume $(S')^2 \gg S''$
 $S' \sim \pm i\sqrt{Q(x)} \rightarrow S \sim \pm i \int \sqrt{Q(x)} dx$
 $S'' \sim \pm \frac{1}{2} i Q'(x) Q^{-1/2}$ $Q(x)^{-1/2} Q'(x) \ll 1$
 $\left| \frac{S''}{(S')^2} \right| = \frac{Q'(x)}{2 Q^{3/2}(x)}$ will only be small far from zeroes of $Q(x)$.

To second order,
 $(f'' + g'') + f'^2 + g'^2 + 2f'g' + Q(x) \sim 0$
 $\pm \frac{1}{2} i Q^{-1/2} + g'' + f'^2 \pm 2i Q^{1/2} g' \sim 0$ Assume $g'' \ll g'^2$
 $f'^2 \pm 2i Q^{1/2} g' \pm \frac{1}{2} i Q^{-1/2} \sim 0$
 ~~$f'^2 \pm \frac{1}{2} i Q^{-1/2} \sim 0 \rightarrow g' \sim \sqrt{\pm \frac{1}{2} i} Q^{-1/4}$~~
 Since $g' \ll f'$, $g'^2 \ll \pm 2i Q^{1/2} g'$
 $\pm 2i Q^{1/2} g' \pm \frac{1}{2} i Q^{-1/2} \sim 0$
 $g' \sim -\frac{1}{4} Q^{-1/4}$, $g'' \sim \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 Q^{-5/4} Q'$
 $\frac{(g'')^2}{(g')^2} \sim \frac{Q^{-5/4} Q'}{Q^{-2/4}} \sim Q^{-3/4} Q' \ll 1$

Solutions decay fast for $Q(x) = 0$, $Q'(x) = 0$.

$f' \sim \pm i\sqrt{Q} \rightarrow f \sim \pm i \int \sqrt{Q} dx$
 $g' \sim -\frac{1}{4} Q^{-1/4} \rightarrow g \sim -\frac{1}{4} \int Q^{-1/4} dx$
 $y \sim e^{f+g} \sim e^{\pm i \int \sqrt{Q} dx} e^{-\frac{1}{4} \int Q^{-1/4} dx}$