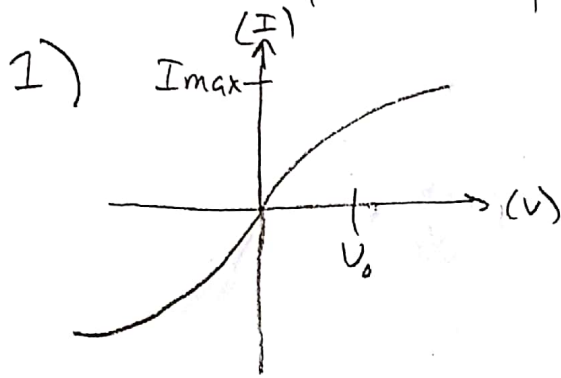


2012 I = 1A Diagnostics

★ Electron-positron plasma. → symmetric



$$\begin{aligned}
 I_{\max} &\sim en_e A v_f \sim en_e A \sqrt{\frac{E}{m}} \\
 &\sim (10^{-19} \text{ C}) (10^8 \text{ cm}^{-3}) \sqrt{\frac{(1 \text{ eV}) (10^{-19} \text{ eV}^{-1/2})}{10^{-21} \text{ kg}}} \\
 &\sim 10^{-11} \left(\frac{\text{C}}{\text{cm}^3}\right) 10^6 \left(\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}\right) 10^2 \left(\frac{\text{cm}}{\text{m}}\right) \\
 &\sim 10^{-11} 10^8 \frac{\text{C}}{\text{s}} \Rightarrow \underline{I_{\max} \sim 1 \text{ mA}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$v_0 \sim \frac{1 \text{ eV}}{e} \Rightarrow \underline{v_0 \sim 1 \text{ V}}$$

2) electron-positron so v_f has no sheath. Thus $v_f = v_p$

$$\Delta V = v_p - v_{\text{wall}} = 0$$

3) At $V = \pm 50$, $I = I_{\max} \sim 1 \text{ mA}$

$$P = \frac{E}{S} \quad \text{energy of one particle} \sim 50 \text{ eV}$$

$10^{-3} \text{ particles/s}$

$$\Rightarrow P \sim 5 \times 10^{-2} \frac{\text{eV}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\frac{P}{A} \sim \frac{5 \times 10^{-2} \frac{\text{eV}}{\text{s}}}{1 \text{ cm}^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{P}{A} \sim 0.05 \frac{\text{eV}}{\text{s cm}^2}}$$