

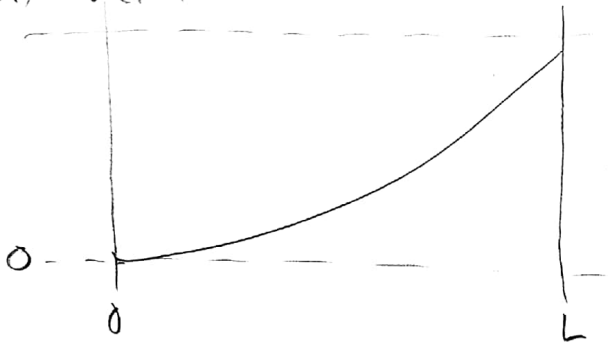
2015 I: Q1 GPP

(a.)  $\phi(x)$



Note:  $\frac{d\phi}{dx}|_{x=0} = 0$

(b.)  $V(x)$



(c.)  $\nabla^2 \phi = -\frac{\rho_e}{\epsilon_0}$        $\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (n\vec{u}) = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{u}(\nabla \cdot n) + n(\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{u} = \text{const}$  "divergence free"  
 $\vec{J} = en\vec{u} \Rightarrow \vec{J} = \text{const.}$

Momentum eq:  $m\left(\frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)\vec{v}\right) = q\vec{E}$

$m v \frac{dv}{dx} = -q \frac{d\phi}{dx} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = -q \phi(x)$

$\vec{J} = en\vec{u} \Rightarrow v = \frac{J}{en} \Rightarrow q\phi(x) = -\frac{1}{2} m \frac{J^2}{(en)^2}$

$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{d}{dx} \frac{d\phi}{dx} = -\frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \sqrt{\frac{-mJ^2}{2q\phi(x)}}\right) \frac{d\phi}{dx}$        $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{d\phi}{dx}\right)^2 = 2 \frac{d\phi}{dx} \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{d\phi}{dx}\right)$

$\int dx \left[ \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{d\phi}{dx}\right)^2 = -\frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \sqrt{\frac{mJ^2}{2e}} \frac{d\phi}{dx} \phi^{-1/2} \right]$

$\frac{1}{2} \left[ \left(\frac{d\phi(x)}{dx}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{d\phi}{dx}\right)_{x=0}^2 \right] = -\frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \sqrt{\frac{mJ^2}{2e}} \int dx \frac{d\phi}{dx} \phi^{-1/2} = -\frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \sqrt{\frac{mJ^2}{2e}} 2\phi^{1/2}$

$\frac{1}{2}$  need  $E|_{x=0} = 0$  to maintain const current.

$\int \frac{d\phi}{\phi^{1/4}} = -\sqrt{\frac{4}{\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{mJ^2}{2e}\right)^{1/4}} \int dx$

$\frac{4}{3} \phi^{3/4} = -\sqrt{\frac{4}{\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{mJ^2}{2e}\right)^{1/4}} L$

$\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^{4/3} \phi^3 \frac{\epsilon_0^2}{4^2} \frac{1}{L^4} \frac{2e}{m} = J^2 \Rightarrow$

$J = \frac{4\epsilon_0}{9L^2} \sqrt{\frac{2e}{m}} \phi^{3/2} \sim \phi^{3/2}$